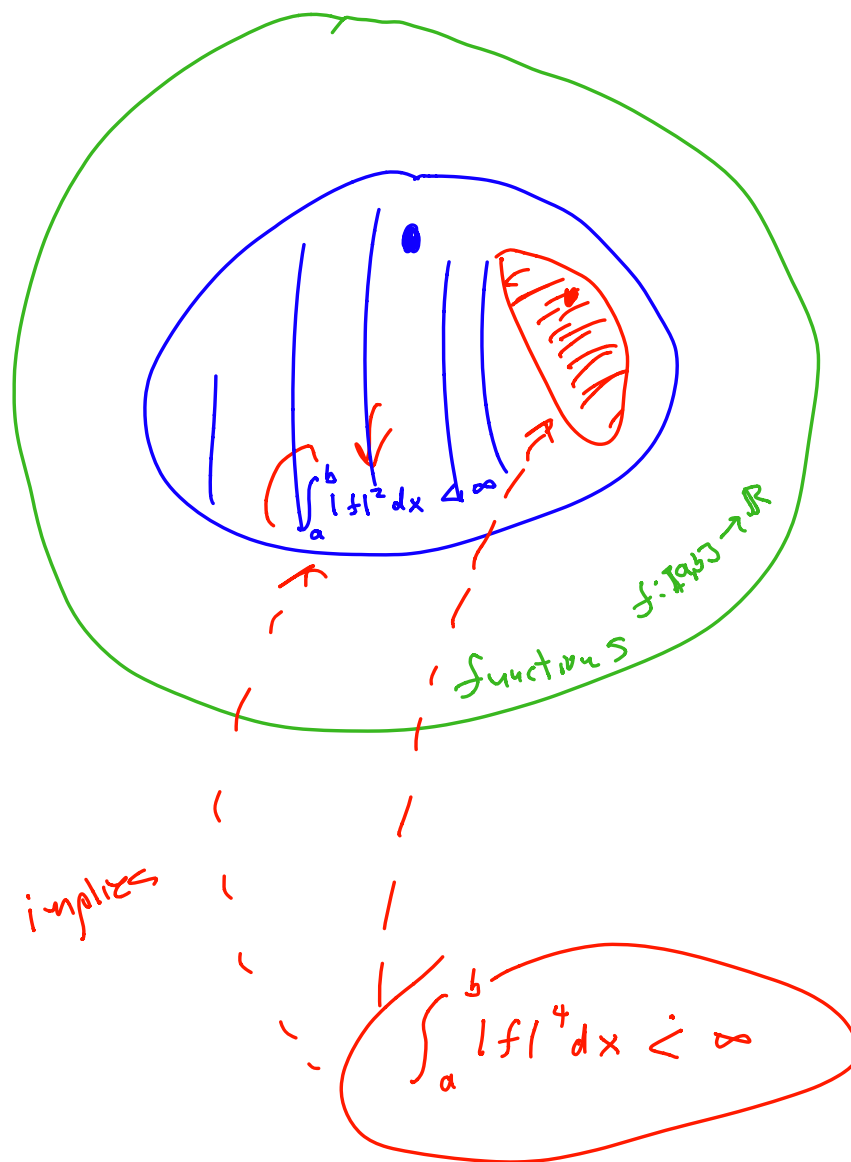


- HW: will include questions.
 - HW: also, exercises (but few)
-

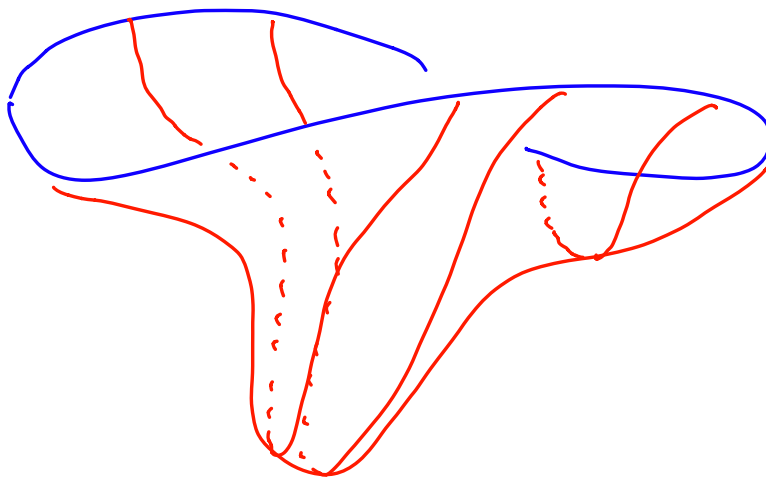


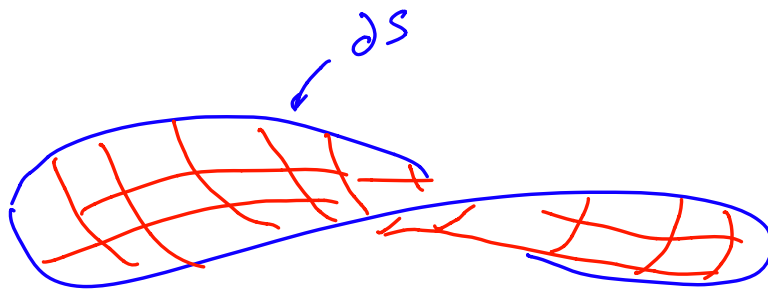
$$\int_a^b |f| + \int_a^b |\nabla f| + \int_a^b |\nabla^2 f|$$

$$f^2 + g \cdot \nabla f + h^T \cdot \nabla^2 f \cdot h = K$$

\nwarrow vector field \nearrow scalar

$f: \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$
 $g: \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$





Fred Almgren

When $\dim \partial S \leq n-3$
where we are working in \mathbb{R}^n ,
then the theorems about this

...

continuity \supset differentiable

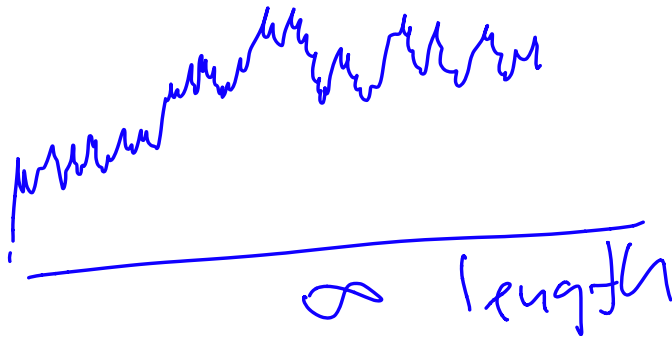
\uparrow \circ

\circ U

\circ C^∞

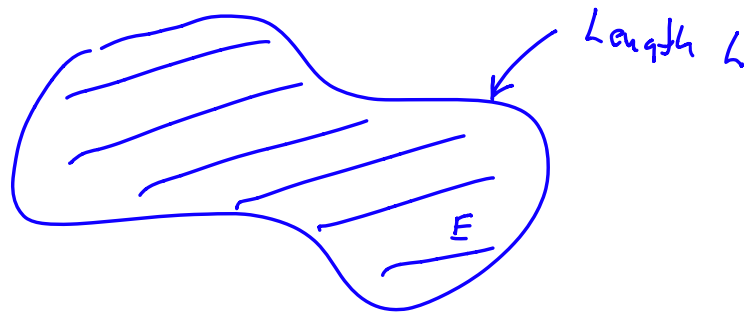
U

\circ Analytic \leftarrow

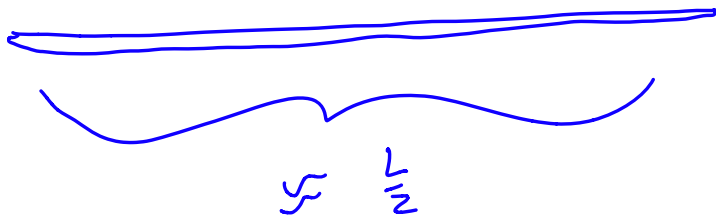


Isoperimetric Inequality

Sets in \mathbb{R}^2



What set with boundary length L has maximal area?



answer: disk of radius $r = \frac{L}{2\pi}$

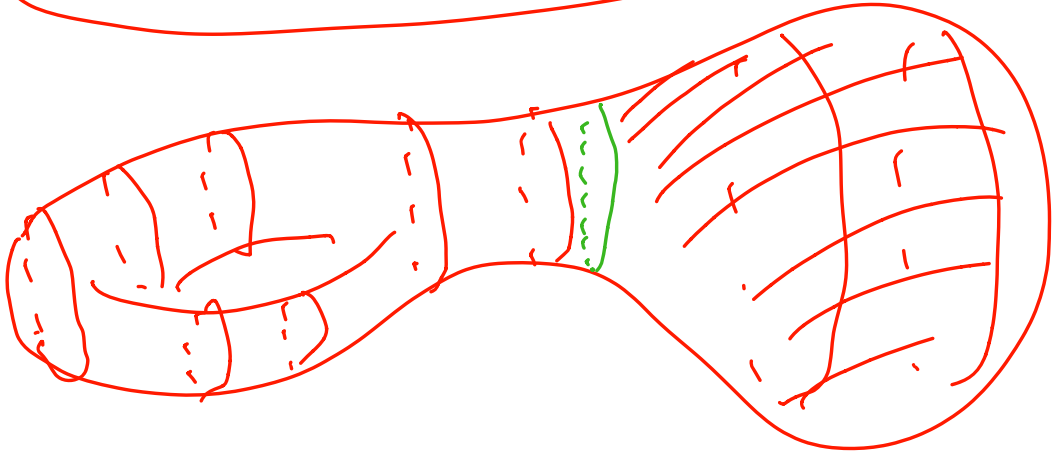
$$\frac{\pi \left(\frac{L}{2\pi}\right)^2}{A(E)} \geq 1$$

$$\frac{1}{4\pi} L^2 \geq A(E)$$

$$\frac{1}{4\pi} (H^1(\partial E))^2 \geq \pi^2(E)$$

$$(H'(\partial E))^2 \geq 4\pi \mathcal{H}^2(E)$$

$$L^2 \geq 4\pi A$$



Length squared \swarrow $S^{\frac{3}{2}} \geq CV$ \nwarrow Length cubed

$S \geq CV^{\frac{2}{3}}$ \curvearrowright

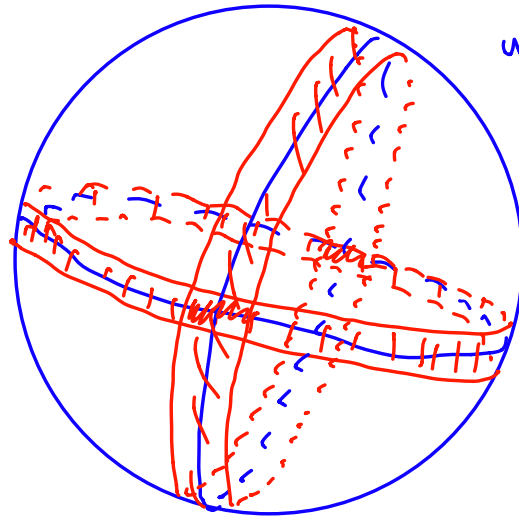
\swarrow

$$\frac{V_0}{N}$$

$$s_i \geq C \left(\frac{V_0}{N} \right)^{2/3}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{i=1}^N s_i &\geq \sum_{i=1}^N C \left(\frac{V_0}{N} \right)^{2/3} \\ &= C N \frac{V_0^{2/3}}{N^{2/3}} \\ &= C N^{1/3} V_0^{2/3} \end{aligned}$$

... Isoperimetric Inequality is
a practical fact !!



unit sphere in
 $\mathbb{R}^{1,000,000,000}$

Two vectors in high dimensional space
chosen at random are close to
orthogonal with high probability.

Look up the "one-pixel" camera,
