

$$L(\gamma_1) = \int_0^1 h(\gamma_1(t)) \dot{\gamma}_1(t) dt$$

$$\gamma_1: [0, 1] \rightarrow M \quad \gamma_1(0) = x \quad \gamma_1(1) = y$$

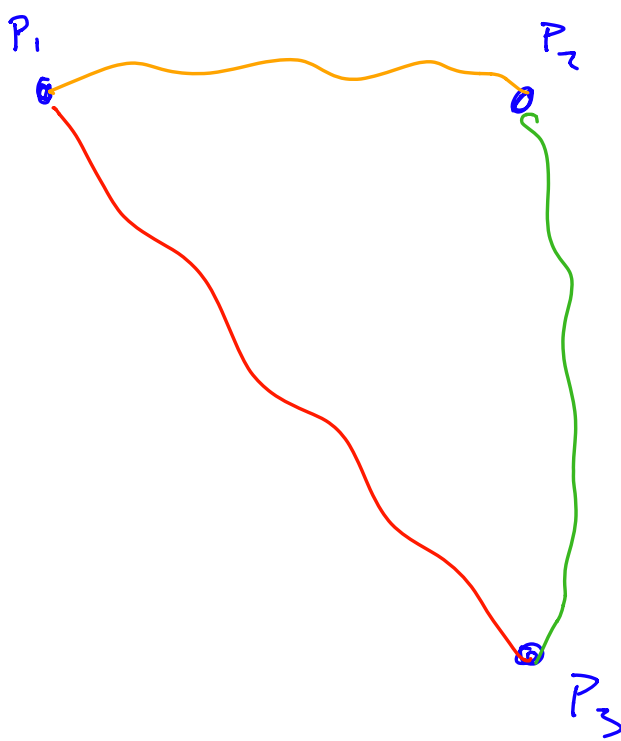
$$h(\gamma, (t)) \dot{\gamma}, (t) dt = l \cdot \underline{\dot{\gamma}, (t) dt}$$

$$\int_0^1 \dot{\gamma}(t) dt = \text{length of image of } \gamma$$

$$P(x, y) \equiv \inf_{\gamma} L(\gamma) = \inf_{\gamma} \int_0^1 h(\gamma(t)) \dot{\gamma}(t) dt$$

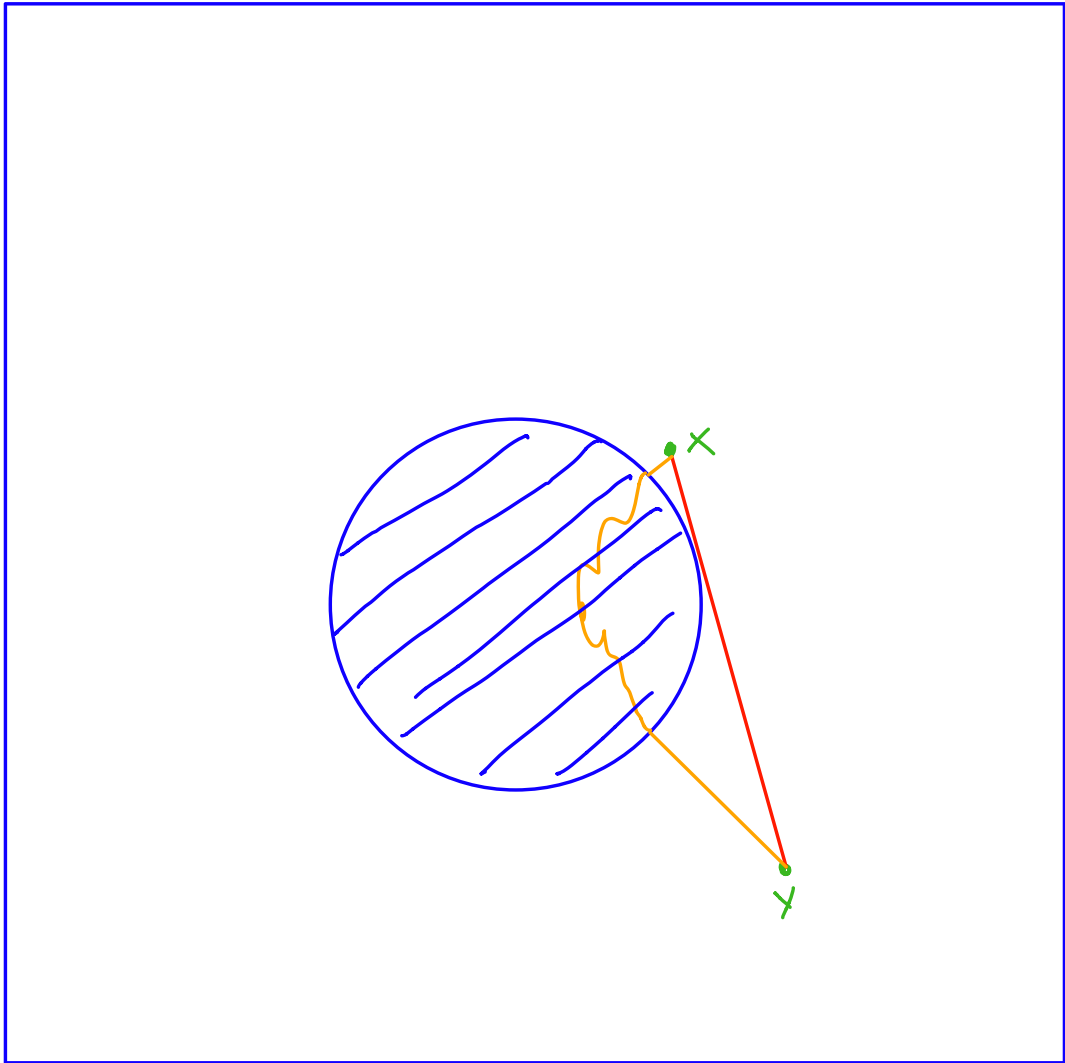
$\gamma(0) = x$ $\gamma(0) = x$
 $\gamma(1) = y$ $\gamma(1) = y$

$$M = \mathbb{R}^2 \setminus E$$



$$\bullet \leq \bullet + \bullet$$

$$\bullet > \bullet + \bullet$$



$$M = (\mathbb{R}^2, \rho)$$

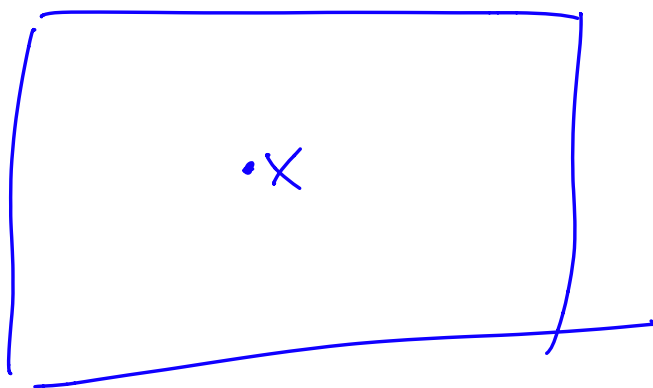
$$\rho(x, y) = 1 \quad x \neq y$$

$$\rho(x, y) = 0 \quad x = y$$

$$\rho(x, z) \leq \rho(x, y) + \rho(y, z)$$

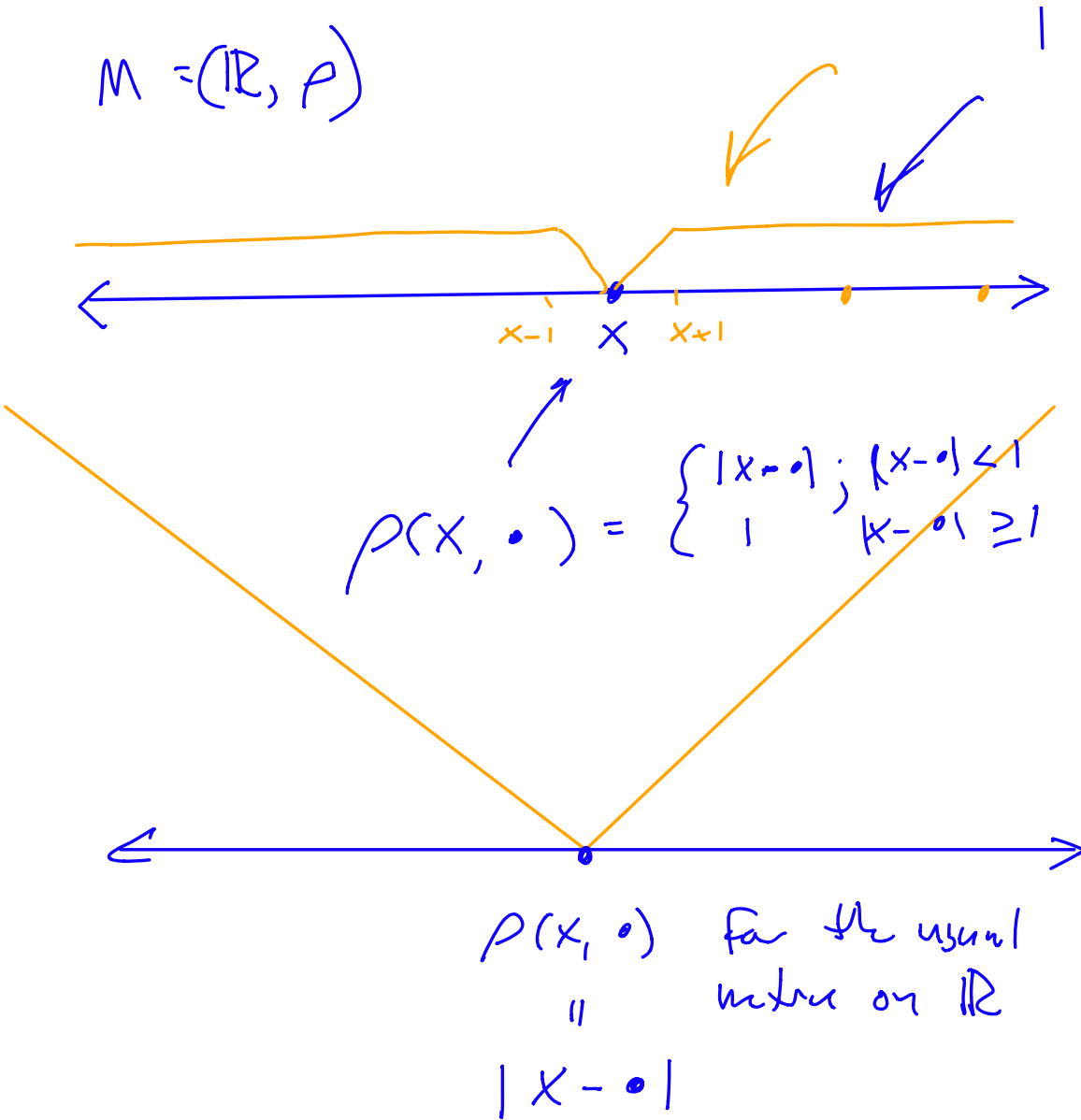
$$B(x, \frac{1}{2}) = \{x\}$$

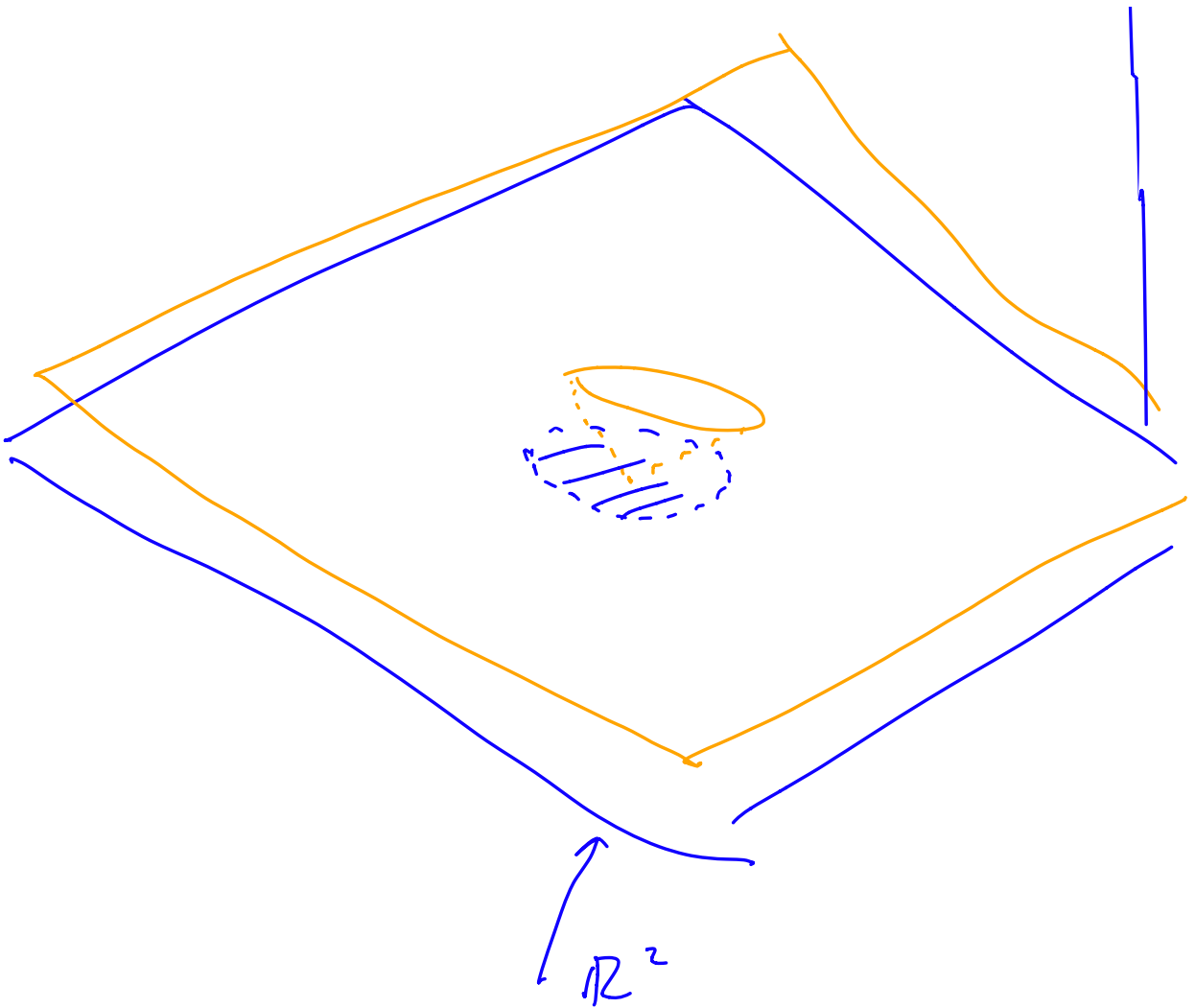
\Rightarrow all sets are open



$\mathbb{R}^2 \setminus \{x\}$ not dense in \mathbb{R}^2

$$M = (\mathbb{R}, \rho)$$





$$f(y) \equiv |x - y|$$

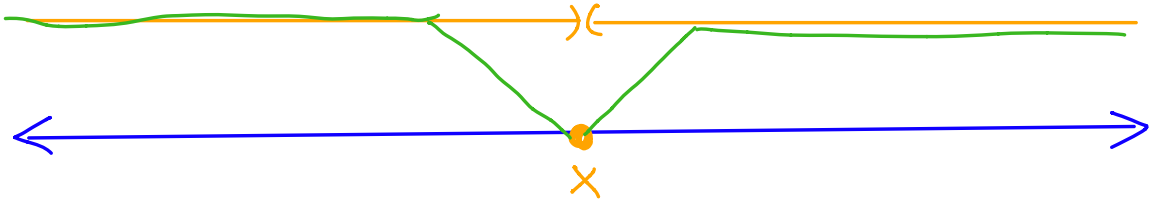
x fixed

y variable

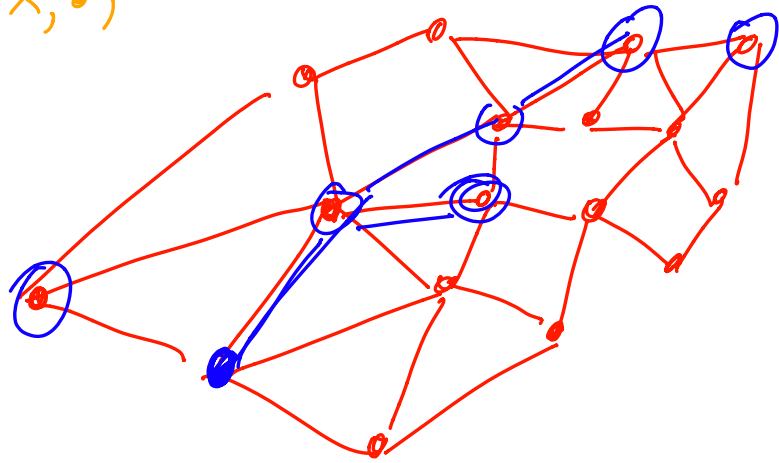
}

"draw this" until it is clearly a core (graph)

discrete metric in \mathbb{R}

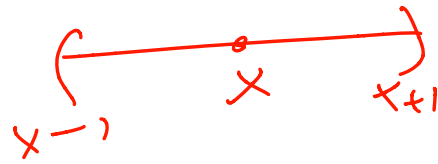


$\rho(x, \cdot)$



Paul Erdos \leftarrow 1600

$B(x, 1)$



$B(x, 1+\epsilon) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

$\{ y \mid \rho(x, y) < 1 \}$

